

Figure 1

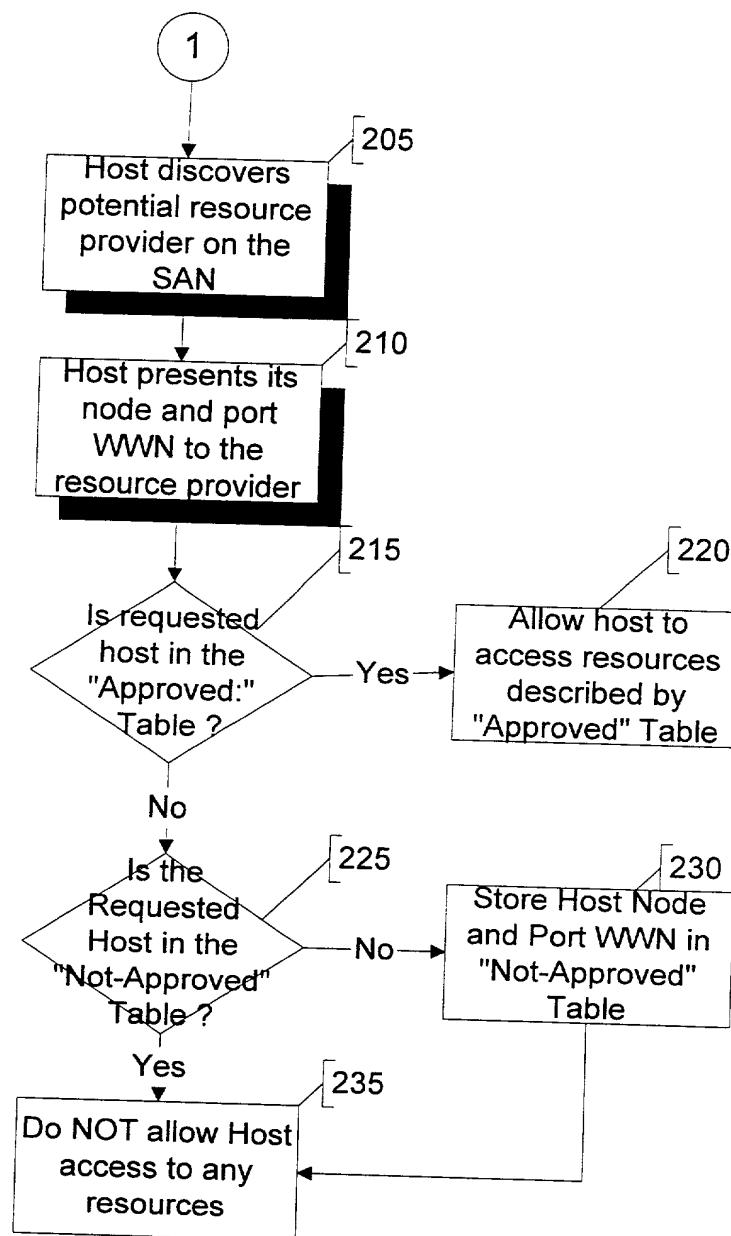


Figure 2

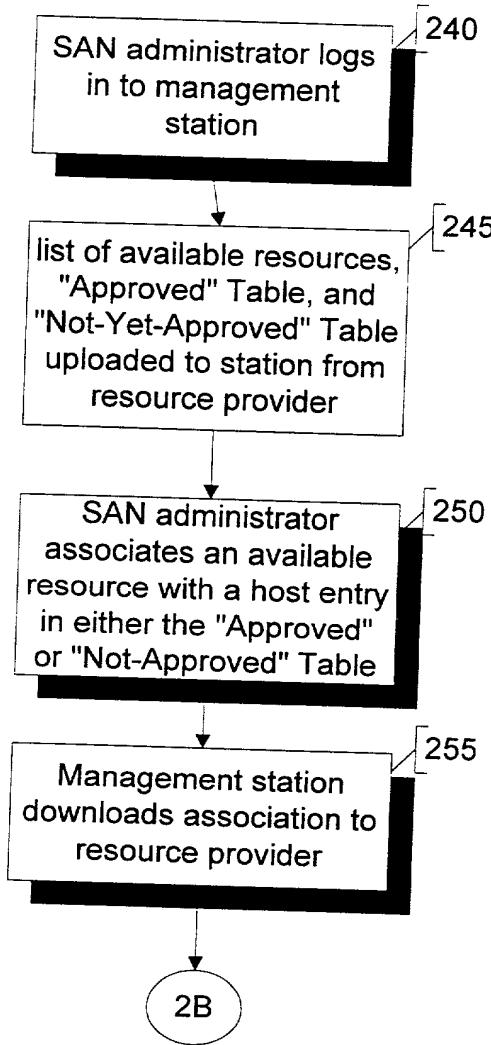


Figure
2A

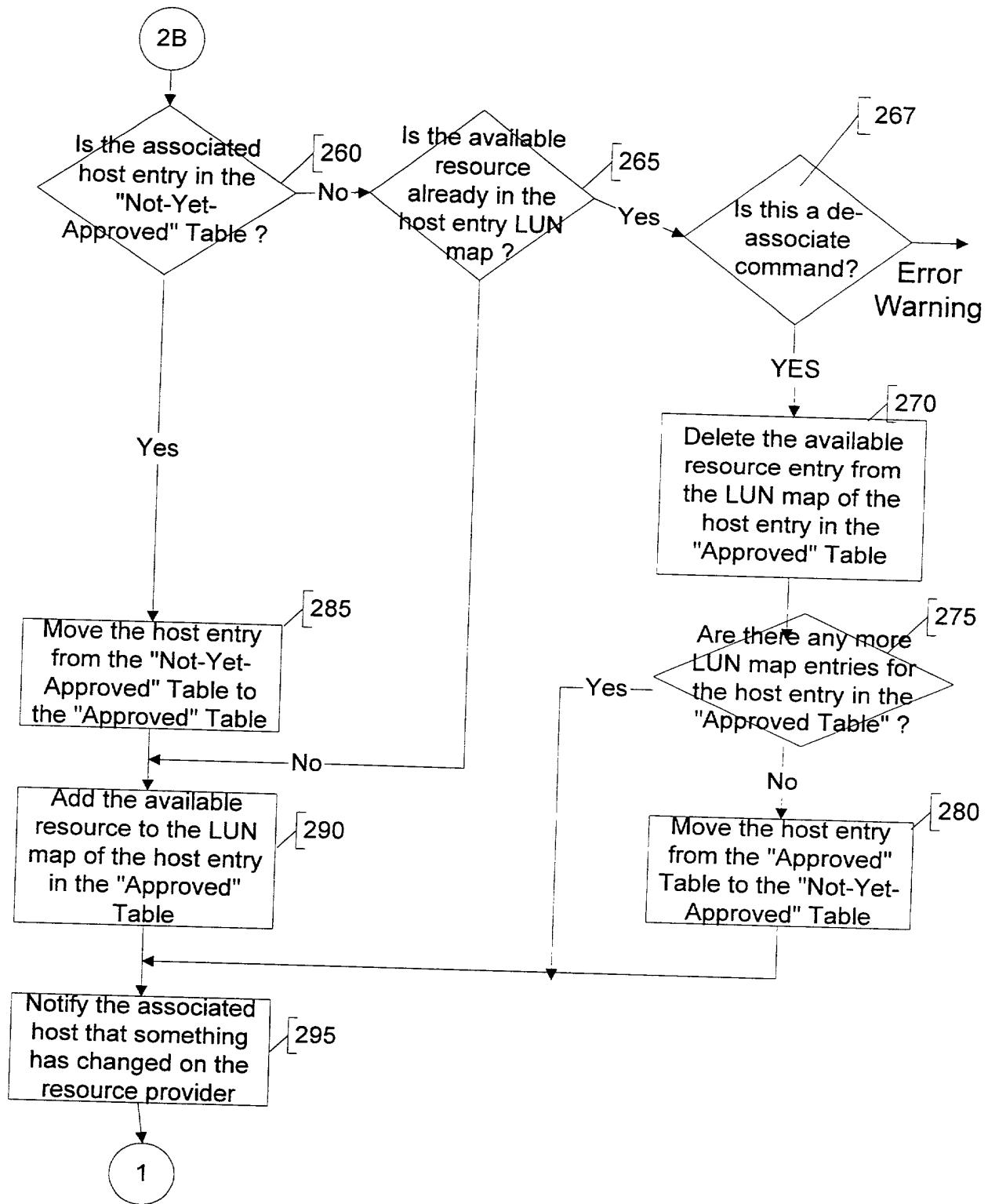


Figure
2B

Diagram illustrating a table structure for host information, indexed by entry number (1 to 256). The table has 10 columns, each labeled with a reference number (301 to 310) pointing to its header. The columns are:

- Host Port WWN (301)
- Host Node WWN (302)
- Host Symb. Name (303)
- Unit Offset (304)
- Pending Unit Attn. (305)
- R/W Access (306)
- S_ID (307)
- Persist. Resv. Info. (308)
- LUN Access Map (309)
- Host Pref (310)

The table structure is as follows:

Entry	Host Port WWN	Host Node WWN	Host Symb. Name	Unit Offset	Pending Unit Attn.	R/W Access	S_ID	Persist. Resv. Info.	LUN Access Map	Host Pref
1	Host Port WWN	Host Node WWN	Host Symb. Name	Unit Offset	Pending Unit Attn.	R/W Access	S_ID	Persist. Resv. Info.	LUN Access Map	Host Pref
2										
256										

Below the table, there are three vertical ellipsis dots, one above the second row and two below the 256 row, indicating the continuation of the table structure.

Figure 3

Diagram illustrating a table structure for host information, indexed by entry number (1 to 1024). The table has 2 columns, each labeled with a reference number (401 and 402) pointing to its header. The columns are:

- Host Port WWN (401)
- Host Node WWN (402)

The table structure is as follows:

Entry	Host Port WWN	Host Node WWN
1		
2		
1024		

Below the table, there are two vertical ellipsis dots, one above the second row and one below the 1024 row, indicating the continuation of the table structure.

Figure 4

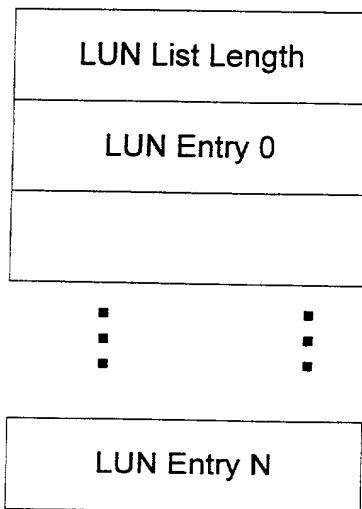


Figure 5

Resource Identity	Size	Other Storage Characteristics
LUN 0	512MB	
LUN 1	33GB	
⋮	⋮	⋮
LUN N	122 GB	

Figure 6